

Food and grocery market KPIs in 2022

Year-over-year (YoY) growth in 2022 vs 2021 and 2019, %

		Northern and Western Europe					Southern Europe			Central Europe		Weighted average ¹	
		Germany	United Kingdom	Netherlands	France	Belgium	Sweden	Spain	Italy	Portugal	Czech Republic		Poland
Food market - segment growth													
Grocery retail value² € billion		181	143	36	176	29	23	83	102	13	17	46	
Grocery retail value growth² percent change	vs 2021	+0.9	+0.9	+4.6	+3.3	+1.8	+3.2	+2.2	+4.6	+1.4	+6.9	+11.4	+2.9
	vs 2019	+14.6	+12.9	+16.5	+8.9	+12.8	+20.0	+10.5	+13.5	+14.8	+14.8	+22.7	+13.4
- Modern grocery retail value growth³ percent change	vs 2021	+3.4	+1.2	+4.5	+3.4	+1.4	+3.5	+4.1	+6.2	+2.2	+8.0	+13.9	+4.1
	vs 2019	+17.9	+13.9	+15.5	+10.0	+12.5	+20.5	+13.6	+20.9	+15.8	+19.4	+33.2	+16.1
- Other grocery formats value growth⁴ percent change	vs 2021	-9.1	-1.0	+5.3	+2.6	+3.0	-2.0	-3.5	-1.2	-3.6	+3.3	+6.3	-1.5
	vs 2019	+1.6	+7.9	+22.6	+3.0	+13.9	+8.1	+1.4	-8.2	+8.7	+1.4	+4.3	+3.8
Grocery retail deflated value growth⁵ percent change	vs 2021	-10.3	-9.1	-5.5	-3.7	-6.6	-7.5	-8.4	-4.3	-10.2	-8.7	-2.7	-7.0
	vs 2019	-3.4	+0.8	+3.5	-1.1	+1.3	+4.8	-5.0	+1.8	-1.2	-7.0	-0.4	-0.8
Foodservice value growth⁶ percent change	vs 2021	+49.6	+33.3	+50.7	+46.5	+43.0	+26.3	+33.0	+42.6	+39.4	+47.1	+32.3	+41.8
	vs 2019	+0.3	+10.7	+15.2	+16.1	+20.5	+14.0	-3.0	+6.2	+1.4	+12.3	+36.5	+10.0
Modern retail - revenue breakdown													
Total⁷ percent change	vs 2021	+3.4	+1.2	+4.5	+3.4	+1.4	+3.5	+4.1	+6.2	+2.2	+8.0	+13.9	+4.1
	vs 2019	+17.9	+13.9	+15.5	+10.0	+12.5	+20.5	+13.6	+20.9	+15.8	+19.4	+33.2	+16.1
- Hypermarkets⁷ percent change	vs 2021	-1.2	-0.1	N/A	+3.6	-1.0	+1.8	+5.3	+1.2	N/A	+6.9	+5.9	+1.7
	vs 2019	+6.8	-1.7	N/A	+3.9	+1.6	+12.7	+9.6	-1.7	N/A	+11.4	+7.2	+4.1
- Supermarkets⁸ percent change	vs 2021	0.0	+0.6	+3.6	+3.0	+1.1	+3.0	+3.8	+5.2	+1.1	+4.5	+11.4	+2.7
	vs 2019	+21.4	+6.0	+10.1	+8.2	+9.6	+10.2	+12.3	+19.2	+12.4	+14.8	+20.5	+13.5
- Online⁹ percent change	vs 2021	+6.7	-9.2	+3.3	+2.2	-2.7	-14.6	-8.4	+4.6	-20.8	+12.8	+41.1	+1.8
	vs 2019	+63.1	+73.9	+107.2	+53.9	+113.9	+95.8	+59.5	+62.3	+14.8	+61.5	+111.9	+70.4
- Discounters¹⁰ percent change	vs 2021	+7.6	+16.3	+9.3	+5.3	+2.6	+12.4	+7.0	+12.7	+11.0	+11.1	+16.0	+9.8
	vs 2019	+16.0	+33.8	+12.3	+11.0	+10.7	+38.1	+16.7	+37.6	+30.3	+28.4	+45.6	+22.6
Modern retail - space breakdown													
Total percent change	vs 2021	+0.4	+0.6	+1.8	+1.1	+1.4	+1.3	-0.1	+2.4	+3.2	+2.0	+5.7	+1.2
	vs 2019	+2.7	+1.6	+5.2	+3.0	+3.4	+3.5	+1.8	+3.0	+12.4	+4.8	+11.1	+3.3
- Hypermarkets¹¹ percent change	vs 2021	+0.3	-0.3	N/A	-2.2	-0.3	+0.8	-4.8	-0.3	0.0	+0.6	+0.7	-0.9
	vs 2019	+3.9	+0.4	N/A	-0.8	-0.3	+2.4	-0.8	-3.4	+2.6	+1.2	-11.9	-0.2
- Supermarkets¹² percent change	vs 2021	-0.6	-0.1	+1.4	+2.3	+1.2	+0.2	+2.2	+2.5	+2.9	+3.2	+4.5	+1.3
	vs 2019	-0.7	-0.6	+3.6	+1.1	+2.1	+2.9	+1.2	+1.1	+13.1	+7.6	+2.3	+1.0
- Discounters¹³ percent change	vs 2021	+1.1	+3.7	+3.1	+4.1	+1.7	+6.6	+1.0	+6.2	+7.5	+5.1	+8.6	+3.6
	vs 2019	+4.4	+14.6	+10.7	+9.1	+5.1	+11.7	+2.8	+9.8	+23.8	+14.1	+28.0	+9.7
- Convenience¹⁴ percent change	vs 2021	+1.3	+1.2	+8.8	+2.9	+2.0	-0.2	+1.6	-3.7	+0.8	+0.1	+7.0	+1.6
	vs 2019	+3.1	+1.9	+25.3	+9.4	+5.2	-1.0	+7.7	+9.2	+7.3	-1.6	+23.5	+7.2
Sales/m² percent change	vs 2021	+3.0	+0.7	+2.6	+2.3	0.0	+2.1	+4.1	+3.8	-0.9	+5.9	+7.7	+2.8
	vs 2019	+14.8	+12.1	+9.8	+6.8	+8.8	+16.4	+11.5	+17.4	+3.0	+14.0	+19.9	+12.4

		Northern and Western Europe					Southern Europe			Central Europe		Weighted average ¹	
		Germany	United Kingdom	Netherlands	France	Belgium	Sweden	Spain	Italy	Portugal	Czech Republic		Poland
Grocery retail – price and volume growth													
Volume¹⁵ percent change	vs 2021	-4.5	-6.1	-4.8	-0.5	-4.0	-7.4	-5.4	-1.0	-5.6	-2.8	-2.5	-3.6
	vs 2019	+1.6	+1.8	-1.2	+3.9	+0.2	+6.1	-3.4	+6.9	+5.2	-0.1	+0.4	+2.3
Basket size volume¹⁶ percent change	vs 2021	-5.8	-7.8	-10.9	-4.5	-5.8	-7.4	-5.3	-3.2	-11.0	-7.4	-3.5	-5.8
	vs 2019	+4.7	+14.0	+0.1	+3.8	+5.4	+8.3	+0.2	+1.1	-2.7	+6.6	+16.0	+5.5
Frequency percent change	vs 2021	+1.4	+1.8	+6.8	+4.2	+1.9	0.0	-0.1	+2.3	+6.1	+5.0	+1.0	+2.3
	vs 2019	-3.0	-10.7	-1.3	+0.1	-4.9	-2.0	-3.7	+5.8	+8.1	-6.3	-13.4	-3.0
Food & beverage price changes (inflation) percent change	vs 2021	+12.5	+10.9	+10.7	+7.3	+9.0	+11.7	+11.6	+9.3	+13.0	+17.0	+14.4	+10.7
	vs 2019	+18.7	+12.0	+12.6	+10.1	+11.4	+14.6	+16.4	+11.5	+16.1	+23.5	+23.1	+14.3
Up/down trading percent change	vs 2021	-6.1	-3.1	-0.7	-3.2	-2.7	-0.1	-3.2	-3.3	-4.9	-6.0	-0.2	-3.6
	vs 2019	-4.9	-1.0	+4.8	-4.8	+1.1	-1.3	-1.7	-4.7	-6.1	-6.9	-0.8	-3.0
Other key grocery indicators													
Online-channel market share percent, full year		3.7	11.7	8.0	8.9	4.2	6.2	2.6	3.0	2.5	3.8	1.9	6.1
Private-label value share¹⁷ percent, full year		33.7	50.9	43.7	37.8	38.7	25.1	29.2	30.5	42.2	28.0	21.1	36.3
Private-label value share¹⁷ p.p. share change	vs 2021	+3.2	+1.3	+2.3	+1.1	+2.0	+1.5	+2.9	+1.7	+3.9	+2.3	+0.8	+1.9
	vs 2019	+2.4	+0.8	+1.2	+0.7	+0.6	+2.9	+4.2	+3.1	+6.2	+5.3	+2.7	+1.9
Promo share percent, full year		20.4	25.7	20.9	14.9	20.1	37.7	11.8	33.7	24.3	53.0	24.2	22.4
Promo share p.p. share change	vs 2021	+1.6	-3.0	-0.4	-0.7	-0.8	+1.8	-0.8	-3.9	-0.8	+0.6	-1.8	-0.9
	vs 2019	+2.1	-6.8	-0.1	0.0	N/A	+9.8	-1.1	-7.5	-1.2	+0.9	+0.9	-1.3
Consumer indicators													
Consumer confidence points change, full year	vs 2021	-14.7	-24.0	-21.8	-11.2	-16.1	-21.8	-13.7	-14.4	-14.5	-17.0	-8.3	-15.7
	vs 2019	-17.9	-25.8	-18.5	-10.0	-9.0	-13.4	-20.0	-8.8	-23.2	-28.5	-20.2	-16.8
Eco-active consumers¹⁸ percent, full year		32.0	24.0	25.0	20.0	20.0	N/A	12.0	24.0	19.0	9.0	24.0	23.2
Eco-active consumers¹⁸ p.p. share change	vs 2021	-13.0	-3.0	+2.0	+1.0	-14.0	N/A	-8.0	-3.0	-5.0	-2.0	-4.0	-5.5
	vs 2019	-1.0	0.0	+8.0	+2.0	-0.4	N/A	-4.0	N/A	N/A	-4.0	+6.0	+0.5

¹ Weighted according to total grocery revenues for each country. If for a given KPI group the data is not available for some countries, these countries are excluded from the weighted average.

² Data measures the value of fast-moving consumer goods (FMCG) and fresh purchases that are taken home (excludes value of purchases that are consumed on the go, at work, etc.).

³ Consists of hypermarkets, supermarkets, online stores, and discounters.

⁴ Remaining store types not covered by "modern retail." Examples include small corner store, pharmacy, drugstore, and open market.

⁵ Inflation-adjusted grocery retail value growth

⁶ Includes food and beverage service activities providing complete meals or drinks fit for immediate consumption (eg, traditional restaurants, self-service, or takeaway restaurants).

⁷ Large retail outlets under common ownership with sales area >2,500m² (according to Europanel).

⁸ Smaller retail outlets under common ownership, excluding discounters. Sales area from 450m² to 2,500m² (according to Europanel).

⁹ Any FMCG and fresh products bought on the Internet and either delivered or collected.

¹⁰ Limited-range discount retailers such as Aldi, Lidl, Biedronka, Norma, Netto Marken-Discount, Eurospin, Penny, Dia, and Leader Price (according to Europanel).

¹¹ Sales area between 3,000m² and 6,000m²; substantial nongrocery store offering (according to IGD).

¹² Sales area ranging from 300m² to 6,000m²; store offering is predominantly food (according to IGD).

¹³ Sales area from 300m² to 1,500m² (potentially up to 6,000m²); narrow range (<4,000 SKUs) with a focus on everyday low prices. Offerings typically dominated by private label, and stores operate with low-cost business model (according to IGD).

¹⁴ Stores typically under 300m², with convenience-focused ranges usually up to 6,000 SKUs and long opening hours (according to IGD).

¹⁵ Number of units sold.

¹⁶ Average number of units sold per basket.

¹⁷ Private label is defined as any brand/product that is owned and sold by an individual retailer and not sold by other retailers. This includes any product with the store name in the brand such as [Store name] Cornflakes and similar. It includes all "brands" sold by discounters or any other retailer that are owned and sold exclusively in their own stores. Fresh products sold with a retailer name/exclusive "brand" on the shopper package/receipt are included; loose no-name fresh products are excluded.

²⁸ Consumers who take the most actions to reduce their environmental impact, such as using their own bags, bottles, and cups and avoiding plastic.